

Escuela de Educación Secundaria Nº 1

Manuel J. Cobo

Lezama

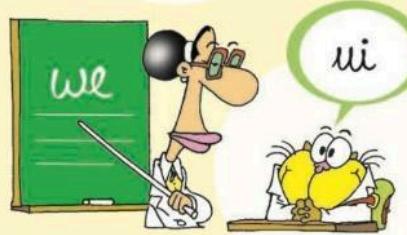
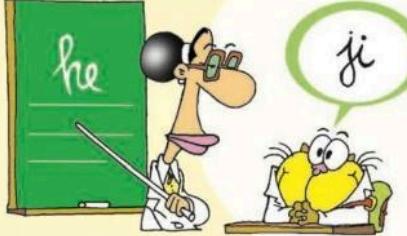


English

REVISION

Prof. Marisa Moretti ([2241-456681](tel:2241-456681))

The Gaturro's
Brutish English
Method



Introduction

Ahora vas a entender a Gaturro cuando veas, acá abajo, los pronombres personales (**personal pronouns**) (yo, tu, ellos, etc)

Después de mirar el cuadro de acá abajo, fijate cómo pronuncia Gaturro los otros pronombres (**he, we, they**) en el dibujo de arriba!

PERSONAL PRONOUNS

I Yo (Esa I se pronuncia "Ay!" como lo hizo Gaturro)

you Vos/usted

he él

she ella

it El ó ella para No humanos

we Nosotros/as

you Ustedes

they Ellos/as

Personal Pronouns - Pronombres Personales -

1) Escribí debajo de las imágenes: he/ she / it ó They

2) Escribí el pronombre que corresponda

SUBJECT PRONOUNS

They / he / she / it











I	/aɪ/	yo
You	/ju:/	tú
He	/hi:/	él
She	/ʃi:/	ella
it	/ɪt/	él / ella para animales y cosas en singular
We	/wi:/	nosotros / nosotras
You	/ju:/	vosotros / vosotras
They	/ðeɪ/	ellos / ellas

3) **Uní con flechas**

Unir con flechas

4) **Reemplazá con un pronombre**

Sandra and I	She
A mouse	They
Lucas	It
Lucas and you	He

Substitute with a pronoun

- Two books
- Bob
- Helen
- A pen
- Peter and you
- Four notebooks
- Philip and I
- Paula and Sheila

HE - SHE - IT

5) Hacé un círculo al pronombre correcto debajo de cada imagen



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT



HE SHE IT

6) Reemplazá los nombres ó cosas por **subject pronouns**: WE, THEY, HE, SHE ó IT

Mirá estos ejemplos:

1) Sophie, Milena y Mariana= **They**

2) Carla, Peter and I =**We**



3) Messi =

4) Azucena, the school master =



4) Our school =



5) Doctor Pérez =



6) the dog =



7) the dog, and the cat =



8) the desk and the chair =



9) the book =

11) Argentina =

12) Buenos Aires Province =

13) My school partners and I =



10) My school partners =

Let's revise Verb BE

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A&s=English&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=y&l=tz&i=usfu&r=ip&db=0>

Am, Is, are



They twins.



It very hot!



They in love.



I happy.



It windy.



My brother ill.



You very tall.



We friends.



Today my birthday!



My car new.



The pizza delicious!



They tired.



The computer broken.



I angry!



She sad.



You good singers!

A) Mirá los dibujos y completá con las formas que correspondan del verbo Be.

Usá verb BE (is /isn't / / are / aren't) y los pronombres correctos (he, she, it, they)



A: He Tevez?
team?

B: Yes, he.....
football team.

A:she Carla Peterson?

B: No, she..... SheLally E.

A:River Plate a rugby

B: No,..... isn't. It..... a



A: this a football team?

B: Yes,is .

A:Showmatch a soap opera? (soap opera=telenovela)

B: No,..... isn't! It.....an entertainment tv programme.



A: The Simpsons a videogame?

A:this a news programme? (News programme=noticiero)

B: No, aren't.

B: No, It..... a soap opera.

They.....a tv programme.

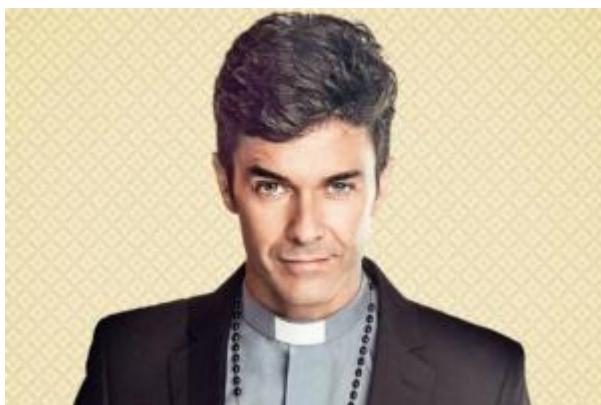
Ahora completá los párrafos:



They.....The Pumas. They..... an Argentinian rugby team. They.....20 players (*jugadores*) in total.



..... is Leonel Messi. He.....Argentinian. He.....a rugby player. He a football player. He..... is from Santa Fé province. Hein Argentina now(ahora). He..... in Barcelona.



This (-)a real priest (=sacerdote). He.....a football player or rugby player! What's his job? He.....an actor. He (-)from Santa Fé. He..... Buenos Aires city. He..... the priest in *Esperanza Mía*. *Esperanza Mía* a soap opera.



This..... the best FLAG in the world!

It..... light blue and White. It.....our (*nuestra*) flag!

B) Completá las oraciones con am, is ó are... It's easy!!

am - are - is?

1. I _____ very happy today.

am

are

is

2. Susan _____ 12 years old.

am

are

is

3. They _____ at school today.

am

are

is

4. Mom and Dad _____ going to a party tonight.

am

are

is

5. The tree _____ green.

am

are

is

6. The dogs _____ wild.

am

are

is

7. _____ anybody here?

am

are

is

8. There _____ two apples in the basket.

am

are

is

9. Thomas and Jonathan _____ brothers.

am

are

is

10. The teacher _____ from South Africa.

am

are

is

11. Sparky _____ a black cat.

am

are

is

12. The mailbox _____ red.

am

are

is

13. Fiona _____ from the USA.

am

are

is

14. You _____ my best friend.

am

are

is

15. They _____ rich.

am

are

is

16. Mrs. Stone _____ gone for today.

am

are

is

17. Nothing _____ good enough for you!

am

are

is

Este poster empieza diciendo "**Before you speak, think**" ("Antes de hablar, pensá...") El mensaje es que pienses antes de hablar si lo que vas a decir...es...? Y la respuesta la vas a tener al hacer la actividad c)

c) 1) Qué es lo que te dice al lado de cada letra de la palabra T H I N K. Traducilas al castellano.

Vas a tener que buscar qué quieren decir: **true, helpful, inspiring, necessary, kind** para tener la respuesta.

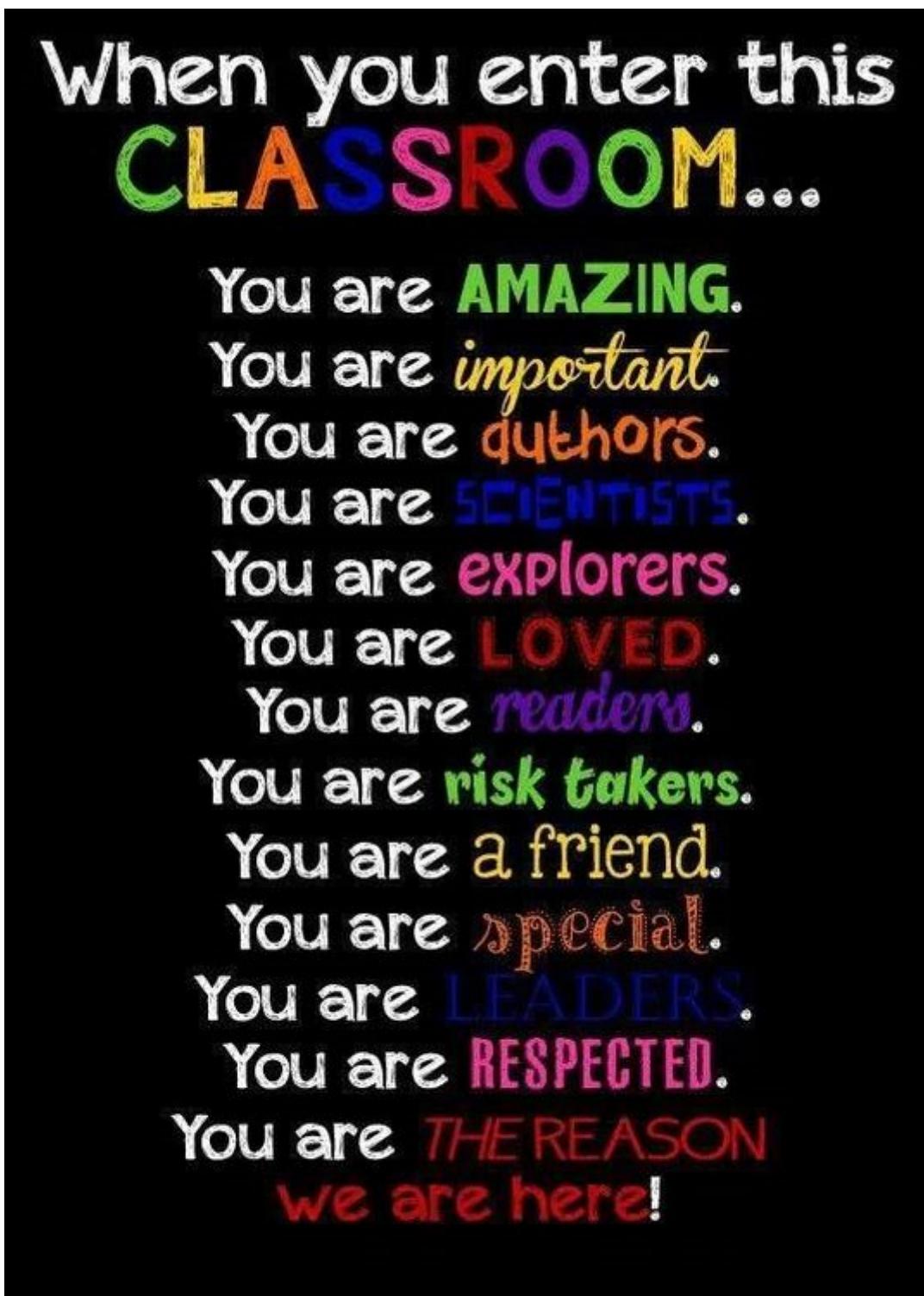
2) Qué significa Think ?



Conclusión: cada una de las frases que dice es lo que todos tenemos que pensar antes de hablar

D) traducir las 13 oraciones

En este otro poster nos dice en la frase introductoria: **When you enter this classroom...** (Cuando vos entres a este salón...) y termina con la frase: **You are the reason we are here** (Vos sos la razón por la que nosotros estamos acá) y siguen frases que te quieren hacer ver lo que significás para nosotros los docentes cuando entres al salón, a cada clase... Para saberlo tenés que hacer esta actividad D)



1) Just Pronouns:

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A&s=English&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&l=sx&i=ukszfff&r=fd&db=0>

2) Just Pronouns II

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A&s=English&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&l=qm&i=onxzoo&r=gn&db=0>

3) Pronouns, He's. She's. It's //// AM IS ARE

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A&s=English&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&l=xq&i=ucssofn&r=xg&db=0>

4) Pronouns and some Sentences

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&l=du&i=ustx&r=ue&db=0>

5) Affirm, full forms- P

ut sentences in order

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A&s=English&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&l=il&i=tossxf&r=lp&db=0>

6) Full forms and short forms + **Adjectives** (fat, thin, happy...)

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A&s=English&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&l=&i=utuntoo&r=sp&db=0>

7) Verb Be All Forms + Chart

<https://www.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A-%20Verb%20Be%20All%20forms&s=English&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&l=kt&i=ddzozx&r=qs&db=0>

8) 6th July: **Family Members** Introd- Vocab

<https://www.baamboozle.com/game/517657>

10)-The simpsons family tree

<https://es.liveworksheets.com/tr366794uf>

11) **Possessive 'S**

<https://es.liveworksheets.com/sr1159219gr>

12) 9bis) **My family + BE+ HAVE GOT (explain HAVE GOT) All as a class**

<https://es.liveworksheets.com/c?a=s&g=3ero%20A-%20AA&s=English%20with%20Marisa&t=x0hd80vz72&sr=n&ms=uz&l=lh&i=udxfdot&r=bk&db=0&f=dzduzsuc&cd=pm2wn62yg35lawxnmenjzfc2ngnxgpxkxg>

Temas

There is... ó There are... y Partes de la Casa.

Este verbo nos va a servir para describir muchas cosas.

Para contar que **hay** ó **no hay** en un lugar, en tu casa, en tu cuarto , en tu mochila, en el supermercado, en la escuela...etc, etc...

Apuntes

Empecemos... El verbo se llama...**there is...** ó **there are...**

Affirmativo

There is = quiere decir **HAY** (pero... cuando es **uno sólo**)

There are = quiere decir **HAY** (pero...cuando es **más de uno**)

Examples, look (mirá):



There is one pencil on the table (Hay un lápiz sobre la mesa)



There are many pencils on the table (Hay muchos lápices sobre la mesa)

Negativo

There isn't= quiere decir **NO HAY** (pero... cuando se refiere a **uno sólo**)

There aren't= quiere decir **NO Hay** (pero... cuando se refiere a **más de uno**)

Examples, look (mirá):

There isn't a pencil on the table (**NO HAY** lápices sobre la mesa)

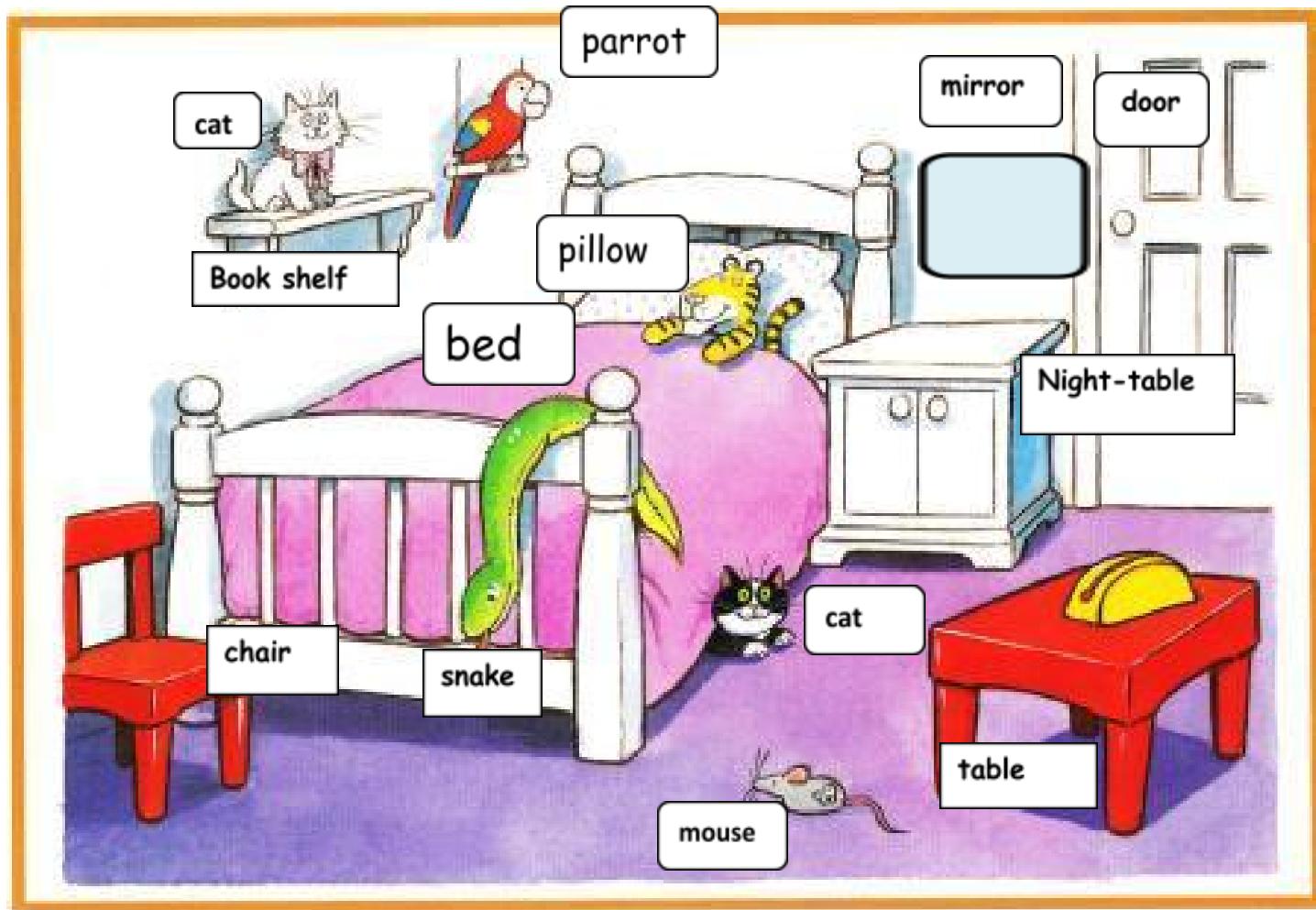
There aren't any pencils on the table (**NO HAY** lápices sobre la mesa)



1) Practiquemos

Hagamos 12 oraciones con lo que ves en el **bedroom** (habitación) Una oración ya está hecha en el **example** (ejemplo).

Van a necesitar usar **there is** ó **there are** (**trick...!**trampita: vas a necesitar una sola vez **there are** !)



THE BEDROOM

Example

- 1) *In the bedroom there is one bed.* one= 1 //// a /an =uno /una= a chair ó an orange
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)
- 5)
- 6)

7)

8)

9)

10)

11)

12)

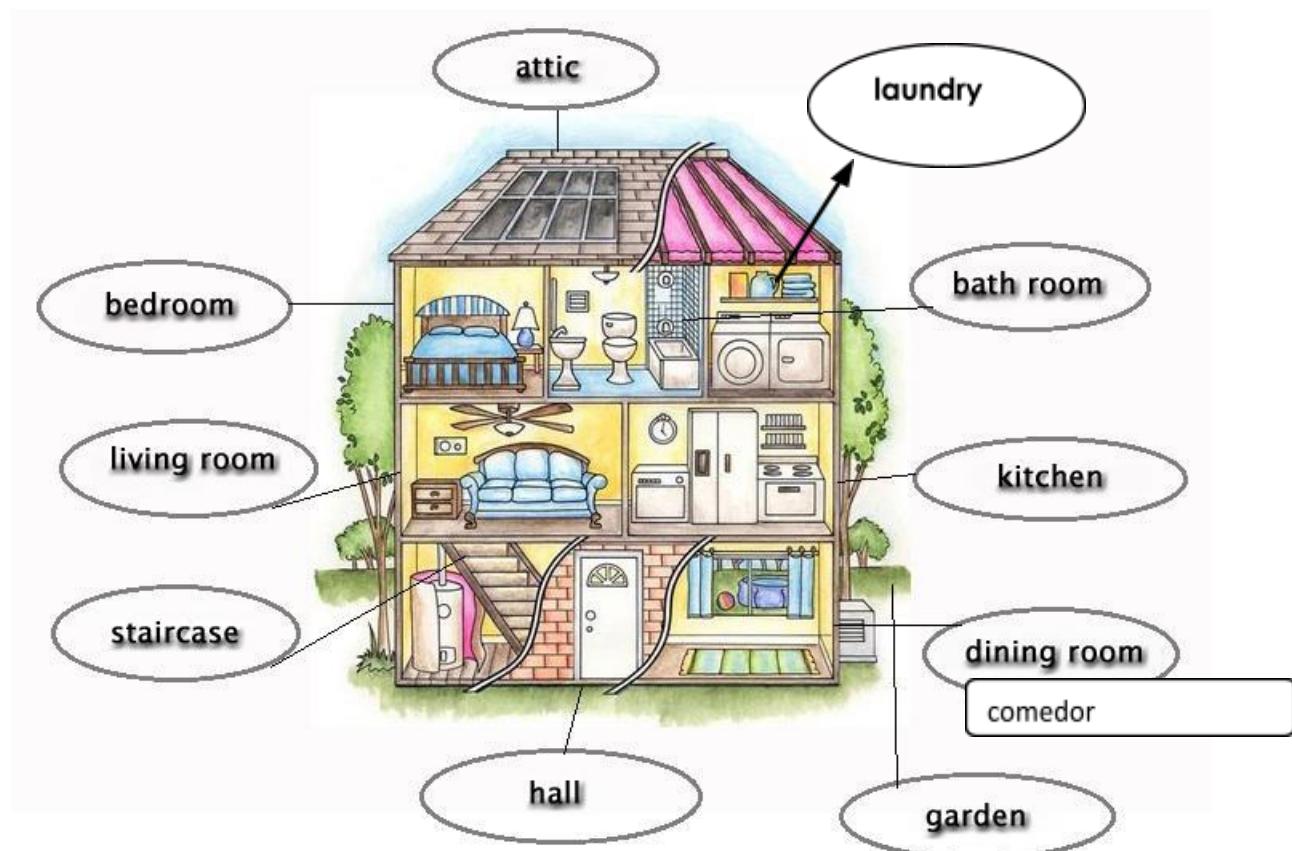
2) Practiquemos y juguemos! Usando algo de vocabulario del ejercicio anterior.

Esta es una actividad que te la corrige la página y me viene a mi coregida

<https://es.liveworksheets.com/yy3060yh>

Como se hace? Simple: ustedes cliquean el link, completan la ficha con **there is /there are** y hacen clic en "Terminado". Entonces eligen "Enviar mis respuestas al profesor" e introducen mi email (argentineenglish@gmail.com)

Look at (mirá) the Parts of a house (Mirá las partes de una casa)



LOOK! (Mirá!) Fijate que la casa tiene una parte que se le llama **Upstairs** (arriba) y otra **downstairs** (abajo) independientemente de cuántos **floors** (pisos) tenga.

3) Ahora, look at the (estas) houses (casas) en la última hoja.

a) Tenés que describir al menos dos casas usando there is / there isn't
or there are / there aren't

b) Y por último, describís la tuya ("In my house...")

Example

In Amy's house there isn't a garden. There is a kitchen and a livingroom. There is a basement. There is one bedroom. There is one bathroom and one basement
(todo este ejemplo lo hice mirando el dibujo de la casa de Amy)

Vocabulary: (en el dibujo de las partes de la casa tené más vocabulary)

Garden: jardín (**big garden**: gran jardín)

Basement: subsuelo

Boiler : caldera (in the basement)

Laundry: lavadero (generalmente in the basement)

Stairs: escaleras

Hall: hall de entrada

Room: habitación (my room= mi cuarto)

Parent's room: habitación de los padres

Fireplace: hogar a leña

Dining room: comedor

Ground floor: Planta baja

Floor: piso (**There is one floor**= hay un piso///**There are two floors**= hay dos pisos)

Study: escritorio

Attic: ático, buhardilla (la parte de más arriba de una casa de varios pisos)

**Amy**

location: London
address: 45 Palm Street
floors: 2
garden: no
basement: yes (storage closet, boiler room)
downstairs: hall, stairs, living room, kitchen
upstairs: bedroom, bathroom
in my room: armchair, bed, bedside table, chest of drawers, lamp, pictures

**Ben**

location: Liverpool
address: 63 Oak Street
floors: 2
garden: yes (big)
basement: yes (laundry room, boiler)
downstairs: kitchen, dining room, bathroom
upstairs: parents' bedroom, my room
in my parents' room: bed, fireplace, lamp, pictures, rug, shelves, vase

**Susan**

location: Plymouth
address: 143 Chester Road
floors: 3
garden: no
basement: no
ground floor: hall, stairs, living room
first floor: kitchen, dining room, laundry room
second floor: parents' room, my room, bathroom
in the kitchen: fridge, cooker, cupboards, sink

**Jack**

location: Edinburgh
address: 266 Hunter Street
floors: 2
garden: yes (small)
basement: yes (boiler, study)
attic: yes (storage closet)
downstairs: living room, kitchen, dining room
upstairs: bedroom, bathroom
in the living room: armchair, TV set, fireplace, shelf, lamp

**Diana**

location: Birmingham
address: 91 Kingsway Road
floors: 2
garden: yes (big)
basement: yes (study, laundry room)
downstairs: living room, kitchen, dining room
upstairs: 2 bedrooms, bathroom
in the bathroom: bathtub, shower, washbasin, toilet

**Stuart**

location: Glasgow
address: 223 Hamilton Street
floors: 2
garden: no
basement: no
downstairs: living room, kitchen, laundry room
upstairs: bedroom, bathroom, study
in the study: desk, chair, computer, bookshelves, light

**Jill**

location: Leicester
address: 301 Green Road
floors: 2
garden: yes (small)
outside: garage
basement: yes (cellar, boiler, laundry room)
attic: yes (2 children's room)
downstairs: living room, kitchen
upstairs: bedroom, bathroom, walk-in closet
in the laundry room: washing machine, ironing board, iron, clothes line, laundry basket

**Tom**

location: Oxford
address: 122 London Road
floors: 2
garden: no
basement: yes (cellar, boiler, laundry room, garage)
attic: yes (study, fitness room)
downstairs: dining room, kitchen
upstairs: 2 bedrooms, bathroom
in the dining room: dining table, 6 chairs, 2 windows

**You**

VOS?

location:
address:
floors:
garden:
basement:
attic:
downstairs:
upstairs:
in the ...

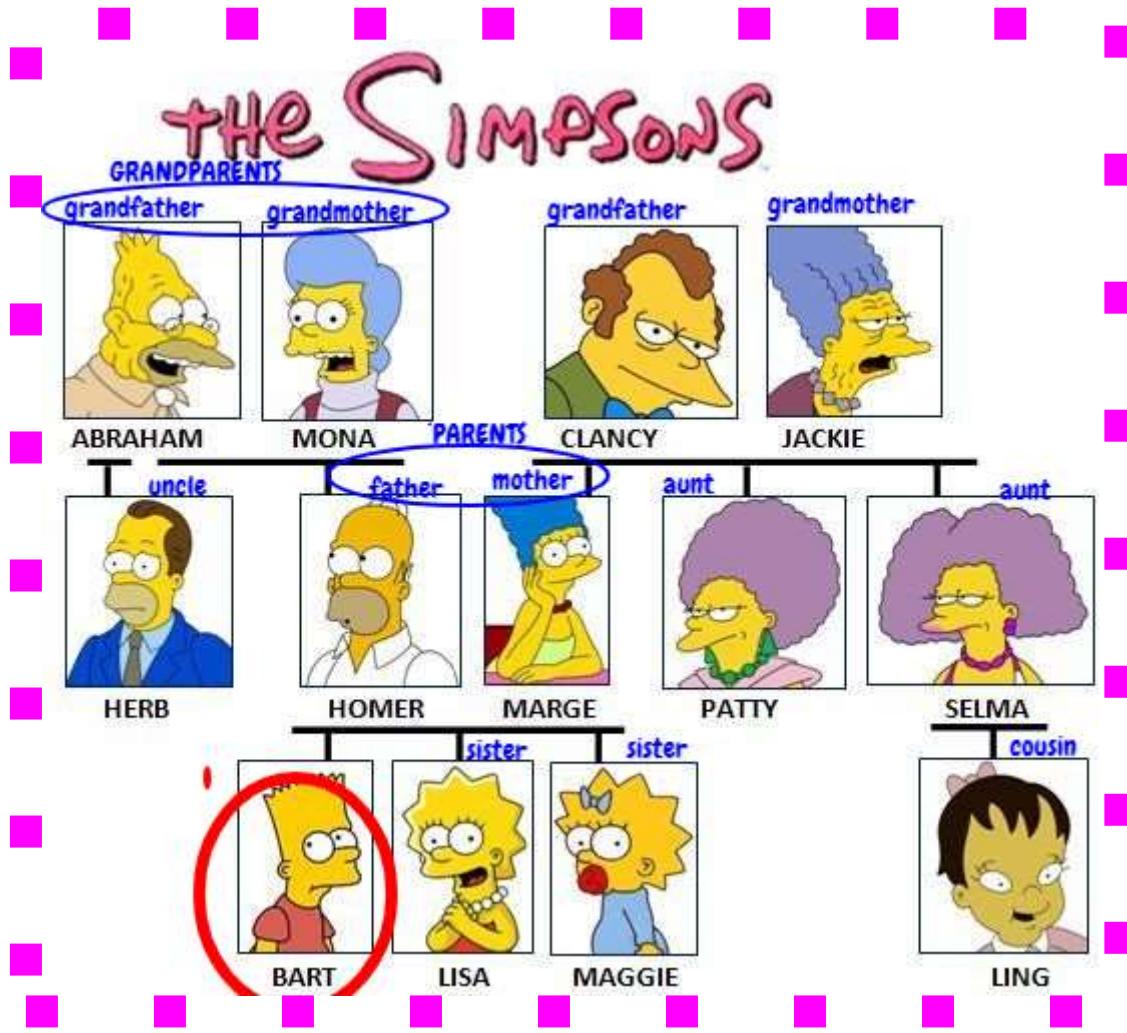
Subject: English

Course: 3ero A- 2021

Teacher: Marisa Moretti

Date: Monday 12th July, 2021

Family Members



Hello!

1) Fijate la imagen de The Simpsons Family...

Todos tienen arriba en azul el parentesco que tienen con BART

Vamos a ver cómo decimos su parentesco...

Bart's mother is Marge (= La madre de Bart es Marge)

Bart's father is Homer (= El padre de Bart es Homero)

2) Ahora, mirá bien el Family Tree (el Arbol Familiar) de los Simpsons y completá las oraciones y traducilas... ☐

Bart's sisters are _____ and _____

Bart's aunts are _____ and _____

Bart's grandfathers are _____ and _____

Bart's grandmothers are _____ and _____

Bart's uncle is_____

Bart's cousin is_____

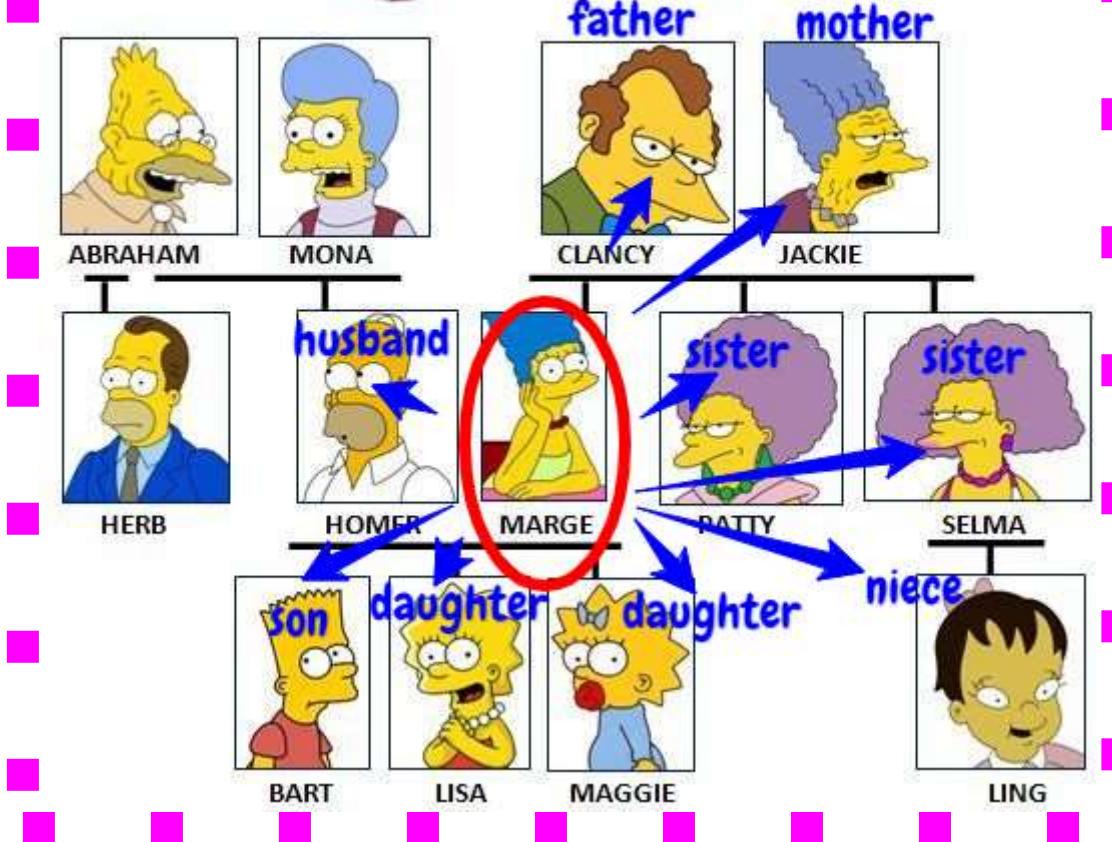
Bart's grandparents are _____, _____, _____ and _____

3) Todas las oraciones Bart aparece con esta 's... se llama Possessive'S porque indica posesión.

Bart's father is Homer, el "poseedor" sería Bart: El padre de Bart es Homero...

4) Ahora vamos a mirar la imagen de abajo de The Simpsons Family Tree pero vamos a hablar los parentescos de Marge en la familia

the SIMPSONS



5) Mirá el ejemplo...ahora la "poseedora" es Marge:

Marge's **husband** is Homer (El marido de Marge es Homero)

6) Completá las oraciones pero con el vocabulario de Family Members (son, daughter, etc) y traducilas!

Marge's _____ is Bart (El_____de Marge es Bart)

Marge's _____s are Lisa and Maggie

Marge's _____is Clancy

Marge's _____ is Jackie

Marge's_____s are Selma and Patty

Marge's_____is Ling.

Exploring Grammar (Units 1-3)

• The verb 'to be'

- 1** Read the text and underline all short forms of the verb to be. Then write the long forms.

My name's Brenda and I'm from the USA. I'm twenty-three years old and I'm a singer. My best friend is Kate. She's from Canada.

- 1) Kate's 25 years old and she's a teacher. She's a very good teacher. Kate's sister's Mandy and her brother's Jack. 2) Mandy's 18 and 3) Jack's 19. 4) Mandy and Jack are students. They're very nice. We're all very good friends.



- 2** Fill in the blanks with *is*, *isn't*, *are*, *aren't*.

- 1 Brenda a singer.
- 2 Jack 14 years old.
- 3 Brenda and Mandy sisters.
- 4 Mandy Jack's sister.
- 5 Jack Brenda's brother.
- 6 Kate and Jack brother and sister.

• Short Answers

- 3** a) Answer the questions.

1 Is Brenda from the USA?

► Yes, she is.

2 Is Mandy a singer?

3 Is Kate from Canada?

4 Is Jack 20 years old?

5 Are Kate and Jack brother and sister?

6 Are Brenda and Mandy friends?

- b) When do we use long forms in short answers?

• A/An

- 4** a) Make true sentences.

BRENDA	is	a	student
KATE			actor
MANDY	isn't	an	singer
JACK			teacher

- b) When do we use *a/an*? Give more examples.

• Personal pronouns

- 5** a) Look at the words in bold in the text in Ex. 1. Replace them with the appropriate personal pronoun.

1 2 3 4

- b) Which personal subject pronoun is the same in the singular and the plural?

.....
.....

9) "I very sensitive and crazy", he says.

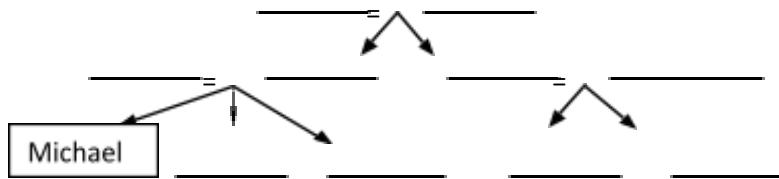
10) He the pianist of the band; he the vocalist, the composer and the guitarist.

3) Read

Michael is looking some photographs and he says:

- A) This is my mother and father at home, in San Francisco. My mother's name is **Nancy** and my father's name is **Ted**.
- B) The girl on the right is my little sister. Her name's **Dianne** and she's thirteen. Here she is with her friend .
- C) This is my other sister **Ellen**. She's eighteen years old. She's a student at the School of Performing Arts in New York. She's very good.
- D) This is my cousin **Danny**. He's fifteen and he's in my class at school.
- E) This is Danny's sister is **Cathy**, she is my cousin and my best friend!
- F) These are my uncle and aunt: **Charles** and **Claire**. Claire is my mum's sister.
- G) Ah, here are my grandparents, **Tom** and **Rebecca**. They are my mum's parents

Complete Michael's family tree:



Complete the sentences:

Michael's mum is.....

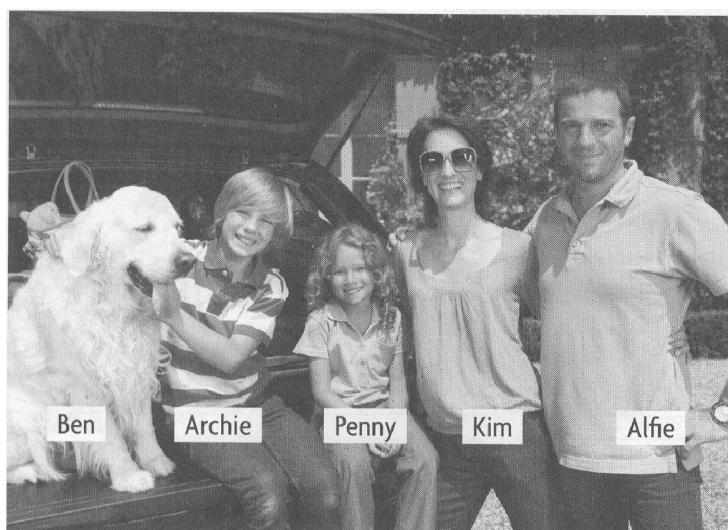
Tom's daughters are..... And.....

Rebecca's husband is.....

Nancy's husband is

Ted and Nancy's children are....., and.....

4) Have / has: Read:



My wife's name is Kim. Our house is nice, but it isn't very big. It's small. It's in north London. Yeah, it's a small house. My sister, Alice, has a house in our street – it's just two minutes from our house. Our children and her children are at the same school, and that's really nice. Alice has three children and we have two – two children and a dog, Ben. My daughter's name is Penny, and my son's name is Archie. The children's school is near our house, so that's good, but my wife's office is miles from our house – about twenty miles. My job is in the centre of town, that's no problem. We're both happy in our jobs, so that's ok. We aren't rich, but we're happy.

Name:.....

Date:...../...../.....

1) Read about Adam and answer the questions:



This is Adam Noah Levine. He is the leader of *Maroon5*: he is the vocalist, guitarist, composer of the band.

He is from Los Angeles, in California, United States.

He lives in Los Angeles and New York. One week in Los Angeles and a month in New York.

His parents are Patsy Noah and Fred Levine; they are divorced. They are shop owners in Los Angeles.

He is married; his wife is Behati Prinsloo, she is a famous model. She is from South Africa...he writes songs about Jane.

His zodiac sign is Pisces. "I am very sensitive and crazy", he says (=dice).

His best friends are Natalie Portman (actress), Robert Downey Jr (actor) and Keira Knightley (actress).

His heroes are The Beatles.

- 1) Is he an actor in *Marron5*?.....
- 2) Is he Australian?.....
- 3) Where is he from?
- 4) True or False: "He lives in Miami".
- 5) Is he married?.....
- 6) What's his full name?.....
- 7) What's his zodiac sign?.....
- 8) What's his wife profession?.....
- 9) Is Rolling Stones his favourite band?.....
- 10) What's his favourite band?.....

2) Complete the sentences with the correct form of Verb BE

(am-is-are//aren't-isn't- 'm not) :

- 1) He the leader of Cold Play.
- 2) He.....from London, England.
- 3) His wife..... Behati Prinsloo. She.....a Singer; she..... a famous model.
- 4) His parents..... Patsy Noah and Fred Levine; theymarried. Theydivorced.
- 5) Natalie Portman, Robert Downey Jr and Keira Knightley..... his friends.
- 6) Natalie a model; she.....an actress .
- 7) His zodiac sign.....Gemini. ItPisces.
- 8) The Beatles his favourite band.

Are the sentences true (✓) or false (✗)?

- 1 Kim is Alfie's wife.
- 2 Their house is very big.
- 3 He and Kim have a house in north London.
- 4 His sister, Alice, has a house in their street.
- 5 Alice has four children.
- 6 Alfie and Kim have two children and a cat.
- 7 Their daughter's name is Penny.
- 8 Kim's office is thirty miles from their house.
- 9 Alfie's office is in the centre.
- 10 Kim and Alfie aren't happy in their jobs.

Picture Dictionary

Describing People Revision (Units 1-3)

HEIGHT

Circle the correct item.



TALL MEDIUM-HEIGHT SHORT

WEIGHT



FAT

FIT

THIN

AGE



OLD MIDDLE-AGED YOUNG

FACE



ROUND



LONG



oval



MOUSTACHE



BEARD

HAIR



BROWN



DARK



RED FAIR OR
BLONDE



BLONDE



SPIKY



CURLY



WAVY STRAIGHT



BROWN



GREEN



BLUE



SMALL



BIG



LONG



SHORT



BALD

HANANE MIMOUNI

Describing people

Match the sentences with the pictures.



She's got a ponytail.



She's got long hair.



He's got glasses.



He's got a beard.



He's got a moustache.



She's got dark hair.



She's got fair hair.



She's got curly hair.



She's got short hair.



She's got straight hair.

2

a) Look at the table and write sentences, as in the example.

	Anna	Tim & Ken	Mark	Bob & Helen
1 	✓	✓	✗	✓
2 	✓	✗	✓	✓
3 	✗	✓	✓	✓
4 	✓	✓	✓	✗

1 ► Anna has got a dog, an umbrella and a computer. She hasn't got a ball.

2

3

4

b) Look at the table above. In pairs, ask and answer questions, as in the example.

A: Has Anna got a ball?

B: No, she hasn't. Has Mark got an umbrella?

A: Yes, he has. etc.

3 Ask and answer, as in the example.



1 Mr Green/a moustache?

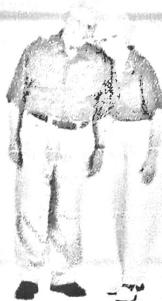
► Has Mr Green got a moustache?

Yes, he has.



2 Beth/a lemon?

.....
.....
.....



3 they/white hair?

.....
.....
.....



4 he/a clock?

.....
.....
.....



5 it/big ears?

.....
.....
.....

4 Put the words in the correct order.

1 got / Mike / feet / has / big

.....

2 hair / Anna and Sue / fair / got / have ?

.....

3 I / got / eyes / not / blue / have

.....

4 have / short / got / legs / elephants ?

.....

5 a / he / has / moustache / got ?

.....

4

The verb 'have got'

5

Find and write the six differences.



1 (hat) ► In picture A the clown has got a big hat. In picture B the clown hasn't got He has got

2 (hair)

.....

3 (eyes)

.....

4 (ears)

.....

5 (nose)

.....

6 (feet)

.....

Speaking

Describe yourself to the class.

► I'm tall and slim. I've got blue eyes and long black hair. I've got a small mouth and small ears. etc.

Writing

Write a short description of the person sitting next to you.

► Pedro is short and slim. He's got brown eyes and short brown hair. He's got a small mouth and a small nose. etc.

This - These

- We use this (singular) / these (plural) to point to people, things and animals near us.



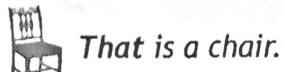
This is a chair.



These are chairs.

That - Those

- We use that (singular) / those (plural) to point to people, things or animals far away from us.



That is a chair.



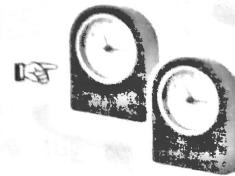
Those are chairs.

- We use this / these and that / those in questions. We answer these questions with it or they.
What's this / that? It's a pencil. (NOT: This / That is a pencil.)
What are these/those? They are pencils. (NOT: These / Those are pencils.)

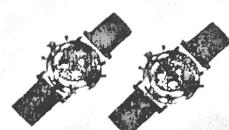
1 Complete the sentences, as in the example.



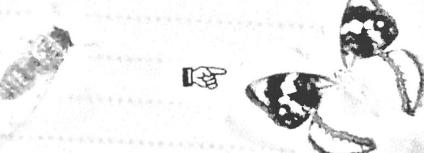
1 ► *This is* a bicycle and ► *that is* a helmet.



4 clocks and watches.



2 cameras and teddy bears.



5 a fly and a butterfly.

2 Write the sentences in the plural.

1 That is a cap. ► *Those are caps.*

2 This is a box.

3 This is an umbrella.

4 That is a mouse.

5 This is a watch.

Speaking

Work in pairs. Point to objects near or far from you and make sentences.

► *This is an eraser. Those are pencils. etc.*

Exploring Grammar (Units 4-6)

• Have got

- 1** a) Read the text and write the correct name.



1

Hi! My name's Nicole. I'm 17 years old and I've got long curly hair and green eyes. I'm short and thin. I'm a quiet person.

These are my best friends, Martha and Claire. Martha is 16 years old and she's tall and thin. She's got short brown hair and brown eyes. She's really popular at school.

Claire is 17 years old. She's tall and thin. She's got short fair hair and blue eyes. She's beautiful and kind.

I love my friends. I think they're fantastic.



2



3

- b) Underline the *have got* forms in the text. Write them in the negative form.

- 2** a) Read the text in Ex. 1 again and answer the following questions.

- 1 Has Nicole got three best friends?
- 2 Has Claire got fair hair?
- 3 Has Martha got blue eyes?
- 4 Have Claire and Martha got short hair?
- 5 Has Nicole got long hair?
- 6 Have Claire and Martha got green eyes?

- b) How do we form the short answers of the verb *have got*? Which is the word we do not use?

• Plurals

- 3** Find three words in the plural in the text in Ex. 1.

- 4** a) Write the words in the plural.

- 1 Jim's got two (scarf); a red one and a blue one.
- 2 Helen has got a new pair of (shoe).
- 3 Mrs Wells hasn't got four (child).
- 4 I love (butterfly)!
- 5 Help me open the (box), please!

- b) Find the irregular plural in Ex. 4a. Give two more examples of irregular plurals.

- 1
- 2

• This/These – That/Those

- 5** Complete the rules.

- 1 We use *this/ these* for things
 - 2 We use *that/ those* for things'
- a far away from us
b near us

- 6** Fill in *this/that, these/those*.

- 1 are mice.



- 2 is an umbrella.



- 3 is a fish.



- 4 are leaves.

